

# An introduction API testing with SoapUI

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# Agenda for the next 50 minutes

- What is SoapUI?
- What are Web APIs?
- Why test on API level?
- What can SoapUI do?
- Types of Web APIs
- Short explanation about SOAP
- Why is SoapUI currently so popular?
- SoapUI best practices
- Mini SoapUI workshop
- The end/time for questions







# What is SoapUI?



- SoapUI is a free and open source cross-platform functional testing tool
- SoapUI allows you to easily and rapidly create and execute automated functional, regression, compliance/security, and load tests for Web APIs
- SoapUI can be used out of the box for the two most used Web APIs types

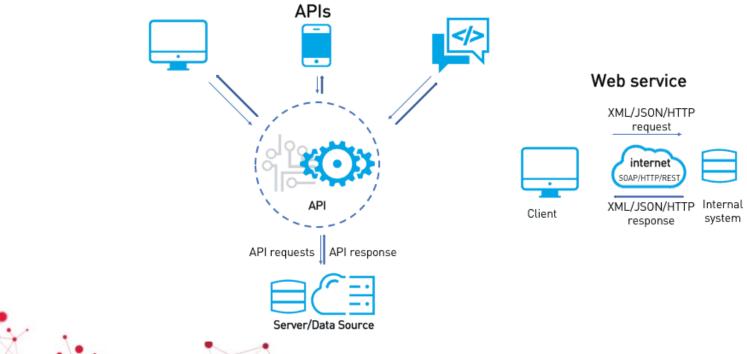




# What are Web Application Programming Interfaces?

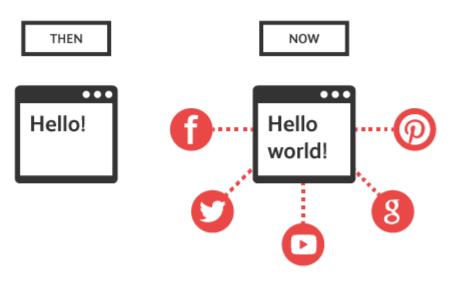
 An interface to a software component that can be invoked at a distance over a communications network using standards based technologies

Web APIs ≈ Web Services in this presentation

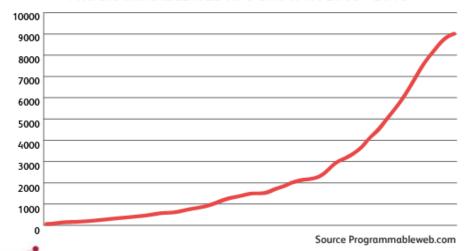




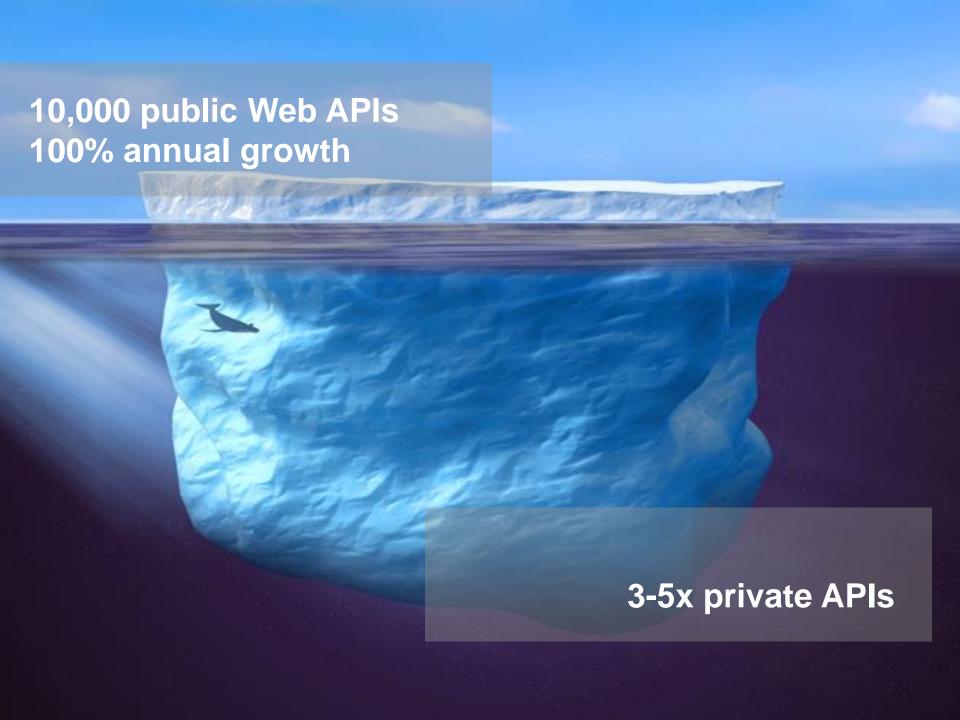
# Popularity Web APIs

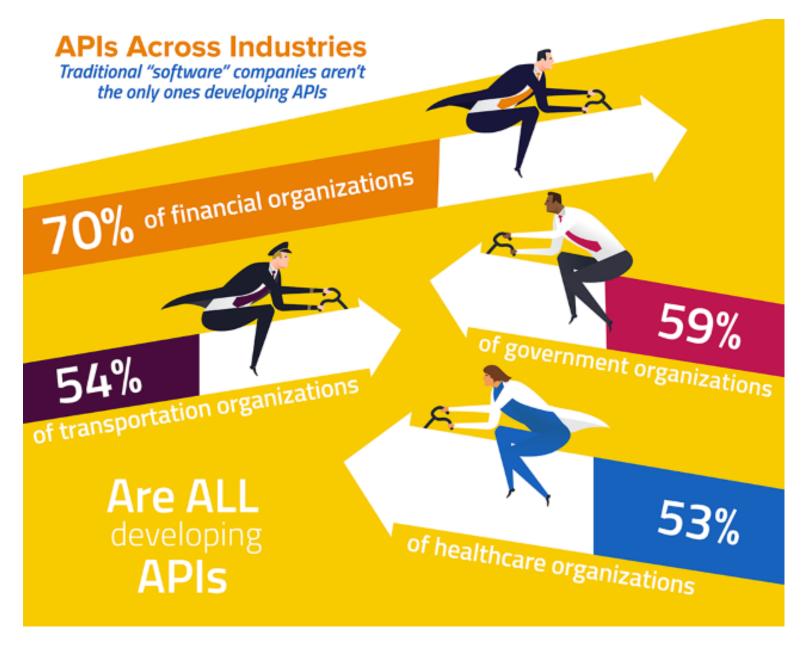


#### PROGRAMMABLEWEB API GROWTH 2005 - 2013



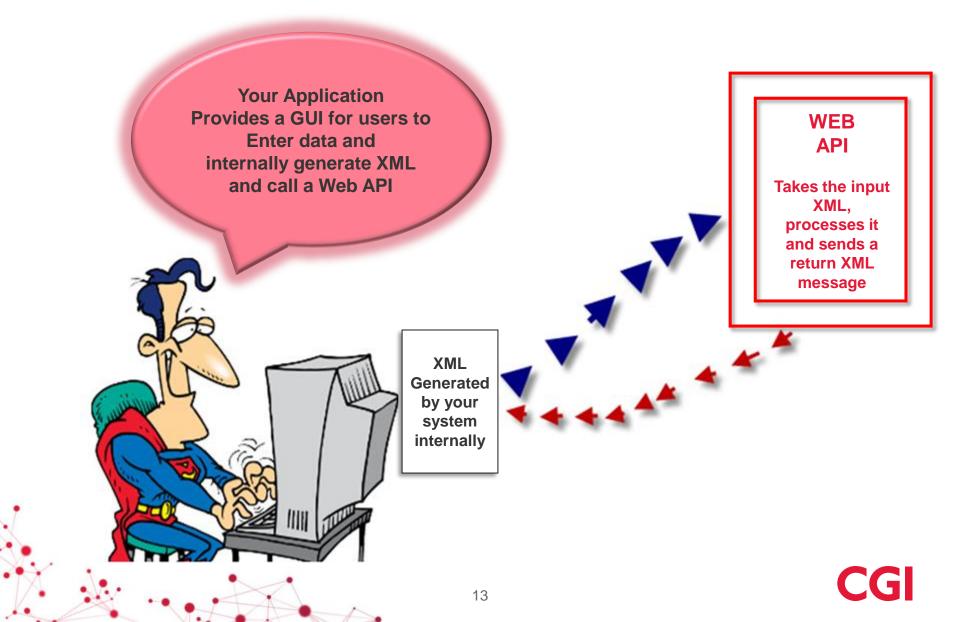






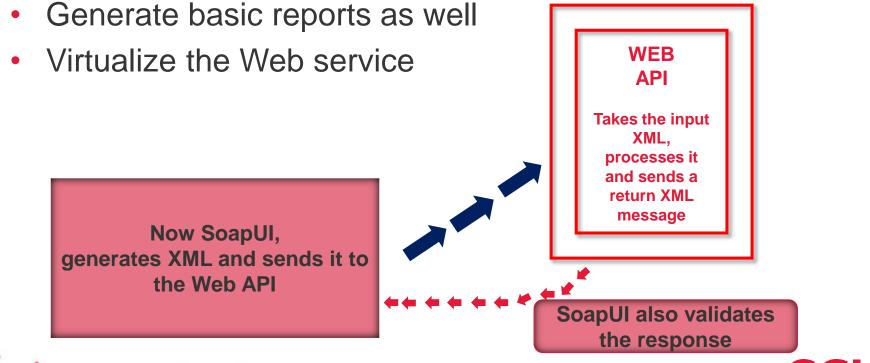


# Web API testing example



# What can SoapUI do?

- Generate request on behalf of our input data and send it to Web API engine
- Receive data coming from Web API and validate data
- Automate the above (and also put in to load / security tests)





# Why test on Web API level?

# Increase in: Costs to develop and maintain User Execution time interface Possibility of false negatives tests **Service / API Layer tests Unit tests** Number of tests-



# Types of Web APIs

#### SOAP

- →Conventional (2000)
- → Heavy
- →Enterprise applications
- →XML XML
- → Service based

#### REST

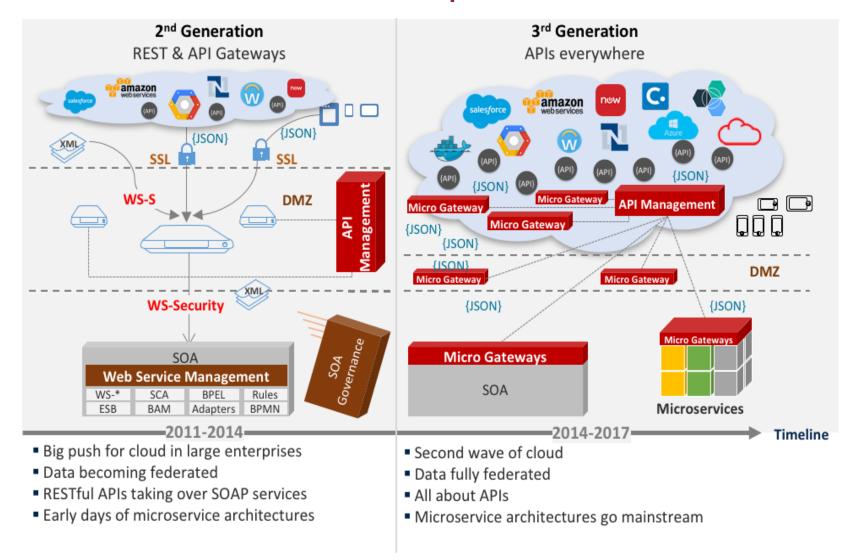
- → New Technology (2000)
- → Light Weighted
- →Internet applications
- →HTTP HTML, XML, JSON
- → Resource based







# Current Web API landscape

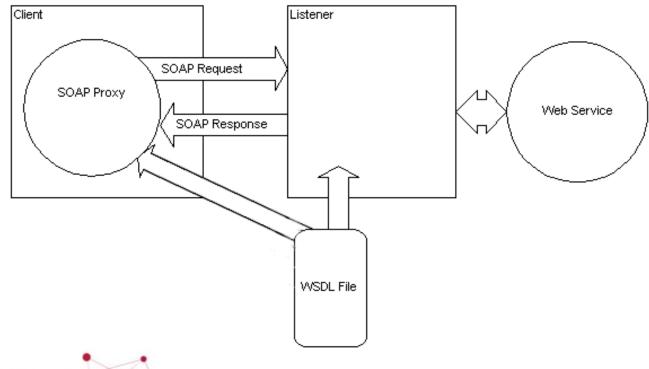




#### **SOAP**

#### Simple Object Access Protocol

- 1. Use WSDL for description
- 2. SOAP is approach of protocols and standards
- 3. Works with operations





# **SOAP Message**

#### SOAP request example:

```
<soapenv:Envelope>
    <soapenv:Header/>
    <soapenv:Body>
    <tem:Add>
        <tem:intA>3</tem:intA>
        <tem:intB>5</tem:intB>
        </tem:Add>
        </soapenv:Body>
</soapenv:Envelope>
```



A SOAP message is an ordinary XML document containing the following elements:

- An Envelope element that identifies the XML document as a SOAP message
- A Header element that contains header information
- A Body element that contains call and response information

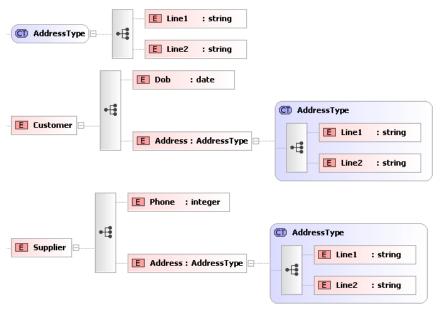




#### XML Schema

- XML Schema, fully called: W3C XML Schema Definition Language (XSD), is a language for describing the structure of XML-documents.
- In this language, schemas can be made for example, XML documents. By which those documents can be specified and validated formally, for example by XML validators.

<sup>\*</sup> An XML document can be correct in respect of the overall XML standard, but nevertheless not valid with respect to a given XML schema.





# WSDL (Web Service Definition Language)

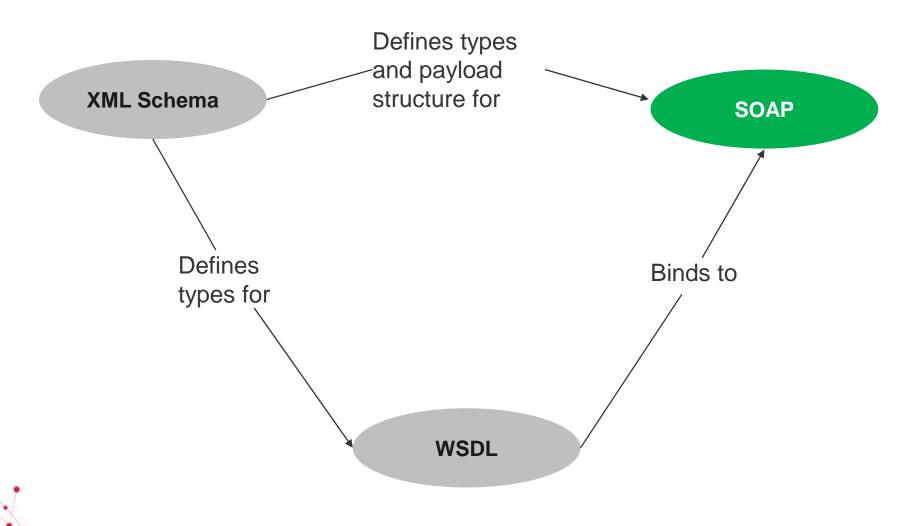
- When we start working on a Web API, we don't have an idea on:
  - What is the format of input that the Web API takes
  - What is the format of output XML generated by the Web API
  - What are the different services and operations that are exposed by the Web API

For SOAP all this information is mentioned in a XML formatted document called WSDL

We need this WSDL file for testing SOAP Web APIs



### XML schema relation





# SoapUl Features



- Functional Testing
- Service Simulation
- Security Testing
- Load Testing
- Technology Support
- Automation
- Analytics
- Recording
- Ecosystem







# Why is SoapUI currently so popular?





# SoapUI best practices

- First and foremost, start testing for the basic functionality before you start automating (the basic request-response is working)
- Group the test cases (in test suites) by test level/type or functionality/scenarios
- To maximize test coverage, create test cases for all possible Web API input combinations
- Test for failure and invalid parameters for how it handles unforeseen problems and loads making sure the API fails gracefully
- Add stress to the system through a series of Web API load tests
- Move the test data input and expected result outside of SoapUI
- Use Web API virtualization wisely
- Automate whatever you can (and good assertions are essential)





# Mini Workshop testing SOAP based Web API's using SoapUI



OR









# End SoapUI by SMARTBEAR **CGI**

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